

# Term Contract for Provision of Sampling and Analyzing of Wastewater and Sludge Samples for Various Sewage Treatment Facilities and Marine Water Samples in Urban Area, Lantau and Outlying Islands to the Drainage Services Department

### Whole Effluent Toxicity Test (WETT) at SCISTW

## Report for the Month of April 2023

Contract No. : DE/2020/02

Applicant : DRAINAGE SERVICES DEPT. - DIVISION 2

Address : STONECUTTERS ISLAND SEWAGE

TREATMENT WORKS, NGONG SHUEN CHAU,

KOWLOON, HONG KONG

Application No. : L0011325(1)

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For and on behalf of

CMA Industrial Development Foundation Limited

Authorized Signature :

Senior Manager Environmental Division



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The conformity statement stated in Conclusion above is based on the decision rule agreed with applicant and listed in <a href="www.cmatesting.org/gac/statement-of-conformity.pdf">www.cmatesting.org/gac/statement-of-conformity.pdf</a>
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## 1. Introduction

#### 1.1. Background

The whole effluent toxicity tests (WETT) were carried out under the requirements of Drainage Service Department (DSD).

#### 1.2. Testing laboratory and investigator

Name of testing laboratory: Research Centre for the Oceans and Human Health Principle investigator: Prof. Wen-Xiong WANG

#### 1.3. Sample

A 24-hour flow-weighted composite effluent sample was collected from Stonecutters Island Sewage Treatment Works (SCISTW) on April 21, 2023. Effluent sample was shipped immediately to the testing laboratory on the same day of collection. Toxicity testings started immediately after the arrival of samples.

#### 1.4. Test species

The following test species were included in the WETT:

- Amphipod (*Melita longidactyla*)
- Fish (*Lutjanus malabaricus*)
- Barnacle larvae (*Balanus amphitrite*)
- Diatom (*Skeletonema costatum*)
- Shrimp (*Metapenaeus ensis*)

#### 1.5. <u>Test protocols</u>

The WETT testing methods and procedures follow those documented in "Consultancy Study on Fisheries and Marine Ecological Criteria for Impact Assessment-Final Report" commissioned by Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department (AFCD), as indicated in tender addendum No. 1 by Drainage Services Department (DSD).



2. Report on Amphipod Acute Toxicity Test



## **Test report**

#### 2.1. Samples storage and pretreatment

Effluent sample was thoroughly mixed and passed through 2-mm mesh to remove the large debris. Effluent was added with ocean salt in order to raise the salinity to the required level (30‰) and then aerated moderately such that the dissolved oxygen (DO) reached saturation prior to use. Salinity control was set up to monitor if there was adverse effect on the test organisms.

2.2. Test organism

Species Amphipod (Melita longidactyla).

Source: Collected from local coastal waters from Sai Kung

Size/age: 0.5-0.7 cm

Acclimatization: Acclimatized in fully aerated seawater (temperature:

22±1°C, salinity: 30‰) at least 48 hours in the laboratory

prior to test. Fed with green algae *Ulva lactuca*.

2.3. Summary of test conditions

Type of test: Static

Duration: 48 h, 21/4/2023-23/4/2023

Dilution seawater source: Seawater collected from a pristine site in Clear Water

Bay, Sai Kung, Hong Kong

Dilution seawater pretreatment: Filtered through 0.22 μm membrane

Testing temperature: 22±1 °C Lighting: Continuous

Salinity: 30%

Testing chamber: Pre-cleaned 150 mL glass flask

Feeding: None

Number of organisms per

replicate:

Replicate number:

Volume of test medium: 100 mL

Aeration: Moderate, around 100 bubbles/min

4

Reference toxicant: CdCl<sub>2</sub>

Positive control: 48-h acute toxicity test

Salinity control: Prepared with ocean salt adding into de-ionized water,

salinity: 30‰



#### 2.4. <u>Test results</u>

Table 1. Survival of amphipods after 48 hours.

Treatment	Effluent	N	Number of living amphipods after 48 hour (individuals)					
reatment	concentration (%)	Replicate 1	Replicate 2	Replicate 3	Replicate 4	Mean	SD	
Negative control	0	9	9	8	10	9.00	0.82	
Salinity control	0	8	10	9	9	9.00	0.82	
Concentration 1	6.5	8	7	8	7	7.50	0.58	
Concentration 2	12.5	6	7	7	6	6.50	0.58	
Concentration 3	25	4	6	4	6	5.00	1.15	
Concentration 4	50	2	2	2	0	1.50	1.00	
Concentration 5	100	0	0	2	0	0.50	1.00	

Table 2. Survival percentage of amphipods after 48 hours.

Treatment	Effluent		Percentage	of living amp	hipods after 4	8 hour (%)	
Treatment	concentration (%)	Replicate 1	Replicate 2	Replicate 3	Replicate 4	Mean	SD
Negative control	0	90	90	80	100	90.00	8.20
Salinity control	0	80	100	90	90	90.00	8.20
Concentration 1	6.5	80	70	80	70	75.00	5.80
Concentration 2	12.5	60	70	70	60	65.00	5.80
Concentration 3	25	40	60	40	60	50.00	11.50
Concentration 4	50	20	20	20	0	15.00	10.00
Concentration 5	100	0	0	20	0	5.00	10.00



#### 2.5. Summary of water quality parameters monitoring during test

Table 3. Summary of water quality parameters during amphipod acute toxicity test.

		Ef	fluent concer	ntration (%)			
Water quality parameters	Negative	ative Salinity		12.5	25	50	100
	control	control	6.5	12.3	23	30	100
Salinity (‰)	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0
Dissolved oxygen (mg L-1)	6.8-7.2	6.8-7.1	6.9-7.1	6.9-7.1	6.8-7.1	6.9-7.0	6.8-7.0
Temperature (°C)	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
рН	7.9-8.1	7.9-8.1	7.9-8.1	7.9-8.1	7.9-8.0	7.8-8.1	7.8-7.9
Ammonia-N (start/end, mg L-1)	1.65/0.21	1.88/0.35	4.40/2.85	7.68/4.16	12.3/6.40	15.6/11.1	26.1/23.6
Total sulphide (start/end, mg L-1)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Total residual chlorine (start/end, mg L-1)	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Total suspended solids (start/end, mg L-1)	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2

#### 2.6. LC<sub>50</sub> for the amphipod *Melita longidactyla* and test acceptability

Table 4. LC<sub>50</sub> for the amphipods and test acceptability.

Parameter	Value	Control limit
Calculated LC <sub>50</sub>	23.2%	NA
Negative control survival	90%	≥90%
Reference toxicant 48-h acute test	1.07 mg L <sup>-1</sup>	$1.25\pm0.15~{ m mg~L^{-1}}$
95% of confidence range of reference toxicant	0.89-1.47 mg L <sup>-1</sup>	C
test	J	NA
Daily temperature variation	<0.5 °C	Average daily temperature variation: ±1 °C
Dissolved oxygen concentration	>6.8 mg L <sup>-1</sup>	>4 mg L-1

NA: Not applicable



3. Report on Fish Acute Toxicity Test



#### **Test report**

#### 3.1. Samples storage and pretreatment

Effluent sample was thoroughly mixed and passed through 2-mm mesh to remove large debris. Effluent was added with ocean salt in order to raise the salinity to the required level (30‰) and then aerated moderately such that the dissolved oxygen (DO) reached saturation prior to use. Salinity control was set up to monitor if there was adverse effect on the test organisms.

#### 3.2. <u>Test organism</u>

Species Fish (Lutjanus malabaricus)

Source: Purchased from contracted fish farm

Size/age: 2-3 cm

Acclimatization: Acclimatized in fully aerated seawater (temperature:

22±1°C, salinity: 30‰) at least 48 hours in laboratory prior to test. Fed with fresh shrimp purchased from local

market.

#### 3.3. Summary of test conditions

Type of test: Static

Duration: 48 h, 21/4/2023-23/4/2023

Dilution seawater source: Seawater collected from a pristine site in Clear Water

Bay, Sai Kung, Hong Kong

Dilution seawater pretreatment: Filtered through 5 μm filtration bag

Testing temperature: 22±1 °C Lighting: Continuous

Salinity: 30%

Testing chamber: Pre-cleaned 20 L tank

Feeding: None

Number of organisms per

replicate:

20 4

Replicate number: 4
Volume of test medium: 20 L

Aeration: Moderate, with air stone

Reference toxicant: CdCl<sub>2</sub>

Positive control: 48 h acute toxicity test

Salinity control: Prepared with ocean salt adding into de-ionized water,

salinity: 30‰



#### 3.4. <u>Test results</u>

Table 1. Survival of fish after 48 hours.

Treatment	Effluent		Number of	living fish af	ter 48 hour (in	dividuals)	
	concentration (%)	Replicate 1	Replicate 2	Replicate 3	Replicate 4	Mean	SD
Negative control	0	20	20	20	20	20.00	0.00
Salinity control	0	20	20	20	20	20.00	0.00
Concentration 1	6.5	20	20	20	20	20.00	0.00
Concentration 2	12.5	20	20	20	20	20.00	0.00
Concentration 3	25	20	20	20	20	20.00	0.00
Concentration 4	50	20	20	20	20	20.00	0.00
Concentration 5	100	15	13	13	11	13.00	1.63

Table 2. Survival percentage of fish after 48 hours.

Treatment	Effluent	fish after 48 ho	our (%)				
Heatment	concentration (%)	Replicate 1	Replicate 2	Replicate 3	Replicate 4	Mean	SD
Negative control	0	100	100	100	100	100.00	0.00
Salinity control	0	100	100	100	100	100.00	0.00
Concentration 1	6.5	100	100	100	100	100.00	0.00
Concentration 2	12.5	100	100	100	100	100.00	0.00
Concentration 3	25	100	100	100	100	100.00	0.00
Concentration 4	50	100	100	100	100	100.00	0.00
Concentration 5	100	75	65	65	55	65.00	8.15



#### 3.5. Summary of water quality parameters monitoring during test

Table 3. Summary of water quality parameters during fish acute toxicity test.

		Ef	fluent concer	ntration (%)			
Water quality parameters	Negative control	Salinity control	6.5	12.5	25	50	100
Salinity (‰)	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
Dissolved oxygen (mg L-1)	6.8-7.0	6.9-7.1	6.9-7.1	6.8-7.1	6.8-7.0	6.8-7.1	6.7-7.0
Temperature (°C)	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
pH	7.9-8.0	7.8-8.0	7.9-8.0	7.7-8.1	7.8-8.1	7.8-8.0	7.9-8.0
Ammonia-N (start/end, mg L-1)	0.48/0.14	0.11/< 0.1	2.53/2.31	3.53/3.52	6.69/6.49	11.8/11.3	23.6/22.1
Total sulphide (start/end, mg L-1)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Total residual chlorine (start/end, mg L-1)	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Total suspended solids (mg L-1)	< 2	2/< 2	8/3	9/5	14/6	18/7	33/12

#### 3.6. <u>LC<sub>50</sub> for the fish Lutjanus malabaricus</u> and test acceptability

Table 4. LC<sub>50</sub> for the fish and test acceptability.

Parameter	Value	Control limit
Calculated LC <sub>50</sub>	Cannot be calculated <sup>a</sup>	NA
Negative survival	100%	>90%
Reference toxicant 48-h acute test	15.8 mg L <sup>-1</sup>	14.6±1.78 mg L <sup>-1</sup>
95% of confidence range of reference toxicant	12.3-17.9 mg L <sup>-1</sup>	NA
test		INA
Daily temperature variation	<0.5 °C	Average daily temperature variation: ± 1 °C
Dissolved oxygen concentration	>6.6 mg L <sup>-1</sup>	>4 mg L <sup>-1</sup>

a: The mortalities in all concentration groups were less than 50% and thus LC<sub>50</sub> cannot be calculated.

NA: Not applicable



4. Report on Barnacle Larvae Acute Toxicity Test



#### **Test report**

4.1. Samples storage and pretreatment

Effluent sample was thoroughly mixed and passed through 5  $\mu$ m membrane filter to remove large debris. Effluent was added with ocean salt in order to raise the salinity to the required level (30%) and then aerated moderately to dissolved oxygen (DO) saturation prior to use. Salinity control was set up to monitor if there was adverse effect on the test organisms.

4.2. <u>Test organism</u>

Species Barnacle larvae (Balanus amphitrite).

Source: Introduced from adult barnacles collected from Sai Kung

Size/age: Stage II

Acclimatization: Acclimatized in fully aerated seawater held in 500 mL

glass beaker (temperature: 22±1°C, salinity: 30‰) for at least 24 hours in laboratory prior to test. Fed with

diatom Chaetoceros gracilis.

4.3. Summary of test conditions

Type of test: Static

Duration: 48 h, 21/4/2023-23/4/2023

Dilution seawater source: Seawater collected from a pristine site in Clear Water

Bay, Sai Kung, Hong Kong

Dilution seawater pretreatment: Filtered through 0.22 µm membrane

Testing temperature: 22±1 °C Lighting: Continuous

Salinity: 30%

Testing chamber: Pre-cleaned 50 mL glass beaker

Feeding: None

Number of organisms per

replicate:

20

Replicate number: 4

Volume of test medium: 20 mL

Aeration: Moderate, around 100 bubbles/min

Reference toxicant: CdCl<sub>2</sub>

Positive control: 48 h acute toxicity test

Salinity control: Prepared with ocean salt adding into de-ionized water,

salinity: 30‰



#### 4.4. <u>Test results</u>

Table 1. Survival of barnacle larvae after 48 hours.

Treatment	Effluent Number of living barnacle larvae after 48 hour (individuals)						als)
Treatment	concentration (%)	Replicate 1	Replicate 2	Replicate 3	Replicate 4	Mean	SD
Negative control	0	20	20	19	18	19.25	0.96
Salinity control	0	20	20	20	18	19.50	1.00
Concentration 1	6.5	20	18	20	20	19.50	1.00
Concentration 2	12.5	16	16	18	17	16.75	0.96
Concentration 3	25	16	15	11	16	14.50	2.38
Concentration 4	50	4	9	5	10	7.00	2.94
Concentration 5	100	1	3	3	0	1.75	1.50

Table 2. Survival percentage of barnacle larvae after 48 hours.

Treatment	Effluent		Percentage of	f living barna	cle larvae after	· 48 hour (%)	
Heatment	concentration (%)	Replicate 1	Replicate 2	Replicate 3	Replicate 4	Mean	SD
Negative control	0	100	100	95	90	96.25	4.79
Salinity control	0	100	100	100	90	97.50	5.00
Concentration 1	6.5	100	90	100	100	97.50	5.00
Concentration 2	12.5	80	80	90	85	83.75	4.79
Concentration 3	25	80	75	55	80	72.50	11.90
Concentration 4	50	20	45	25	50	35.00	14.72
Concentration 5	100	5	15	15	0	8.75	7.50



#### 4.5. Summary of water quality parameters monitoring during test

Table 3. Summary of water quality parameters during barnacle larvae acute toxicity test

	Effluent concentration (%)								
Water quality parameters	Negative control	Salinity control	6.5	12.5	25	50	100		
Salinity (‰)	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0		
Dissolved oxygen (mg L-1)	6.8-6.9	6.8-7.0	6.8-7.0	6.8-6.9	6.8-7.0	6.8-7.1	6.8-6.9		
Temperature (°C)	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0		
pH	7.8-8.0	7.8-8.0	7.9-8.0	7.9-8.0	7.8-7.9	7.7-7.9	7.7-7.8		
Ammonia-N (start/end, mg L-1)	0.46/0.13	0.42/0.11	2.21/1.96	3.93/3.18	8.47/3.87	15.1/10.5	29.6/24.0		
Total sulphide (start/end, mg L-1)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.24/<0.1		
Total residual chlorine (start/end, mg L-1)	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02		
Total suspended solids (mg L-1)	< 2	2/< 2	8/3	9/5	14/6	18/7	33/12		

#### 4.6. LC<sub>50</sub> for the barnacle larvae Balanus amphitrite and test acceptability

Table 4. LC<sub>50</sub> for the barnacle larvae and test acceptability

Value	Control limit
36.8%	NA
96.25%	>90%
1.07 mg L <sup>-1</sup>	1.04±0.11 mg L <sup>-1</sup>
0.93-1.45 mg L <sup>-1</sup>	NA
	INA
<0.5 °C	Average daily temperature variation: ± 1 °C
>6.7 mg L <sup>-1</sup>	>4 mg L <sup>-1</sup>
	36.8% 96.25% 1.07 mg L <sup>-1</sup> 0.93-1.45 mg L <sup>-1</sup> <0.5 °C

NA: Not applicable



5. Report on Diatom Growth Inhibition Test (Chronic toxicity test)



## **Test report**

#### 5.1. Samples storage and pretreatment

Effluent sample was thoroughly mixed and passed through 5  $\mu$ m membrane filter to remove large debris. Effluent was added with ocean salt in order to raise the salinity to the required level (30‰) and then aerated moderately to dissolved oxygen (DO) saturation prior to use. Salinity control was set up to monitor if there was adverse effect on the test organisms.

5.2. Test organism

Species Diatom (Skeletonema costatum)

Grown from laboratory culture obtained from Coastal

Source: Marine Lab, Hong Kong University of Science and

Technology

Size/age: Log growth phase

Grown in 250 mL glass flask (temperature: 22±1°C,

Acclimatization: salinity: 30%, 3000 lux) for at least two weeks prior to

test.

5.3. Summary of test conditions

Type of test: Static

Duration: 7 days, 21/4/2023-28/4/2023

Dilution seawater source: Seawater collected from a pristine site in Clear Water

Bay, Sai Kung, Hong Kong

Dilution seawater pretreatment: Filtered through 0.22 μm membrane

Testing temperature: 22±1 °C

Lighting: 12 h light/12 h dark cycle, 3000±500 lux

Salinity: 30%

Testing chamber: Pre-cleaned 100 mL glass beaker

Initial cell density:  $(5.0\pm0.4)\times10^4$  cell mL<sup>-1</sup>

Replicate number: 4

Volume of test medium: 25 mL

Aeration: None

Reference toxicant: CdCl<sub>2</sub>

Positive control: 7-day IC<sub>50</sub> toxicity test

Salinity control: Prepared with ocean salt adding into de-ionized water,

salinity: 30‰



#### **5.4.** Test results

Table 1. Cell density of diatom *Skeletonema costatum* at the beginning and end of growth inhibition test. Initial cell density: (5.0±0.4)×10<sup>4</sup> cell mL<sup>-1</sup>

Treatment	Effluent	Cell density after 7-day growth (×106 cell mL-1)							
Heatment	concentration (%)	Replicate 1	Replicate 2	Replicate 3	Replicate 4	Mean	SD		
Negative control	0	2.48	2.00	2.18	2.07	2.18	0.18		
Salinity control	0	2.83	2.05	2.33	2.16	2.34	0.30		
Concentration 1	2.5	3.93	3.23	4.15	3.43	3.69	0.37		
Concentration 2	5	2.98	3.08	3.03	3.10	3.05	0.05		
Concentration 3	10	2.88	2.03	1.83	2.20	2.24	0.39		
Concentration 4	25	1.63	1.55	1.45	1.74	1.59	0.11		
Concentration 5	50	1.50	1.28	1.43	1.41	1.41	0.08		
Concentration 6	100	0.90	0.83	0.98	0.67	0.85	0.11		

Table 2. Growth rate of Skeletonema costatum within 7 days.

Treatment	Effluent		7-0	day average g	growth rate (d-	1)	
Treatment	concentration (%)	Replicate 1	Replicate 2	Replicate 3	Replicate 4	Mean	SD
Negative control	0	0.56	0.53	0.54	0.53	0.54	0.01
Salinity control	0	0.58	0.53	0.55	0.54	0.55	0.02
Concentration 1	2.5	0.62	0.60	0.63	0.60	0.61	0.02
Concentration 2	5	0.58	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.00
Concentration 3	10	0.58	0.53	0.51	0.54	0.54	0.03
Concentration 4	25	0.50	0.49	0.48	0.51	0.49	0.01
Concentration 5	50	0.49	0.46	0.48	0.48	0.48	0.01
Concentration 6	100	0.41	0.40	0.43	0.37	0.40	0.02



#### 5.5. Summary of water quality parameters monitoring during test

Table 3. Summary of water quality parameters during diatom growth inhibition test

			Effluent o	concentrati	on (%)			
Water quality parameters	Negative control	Salinity control	2.5	5.0	10	25	50	100
Salinity (%)	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0
Dissolved oxygen (mg L-1)	6.8-8.2	6.8-8.2	6.8-8.2	6.8-8.2	6.8-8.3	6.8-8.2	6.8-7.9	6.8-7.3
Temperature (°C)	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
pH	7.9-8.1	7.9-8.1	7.9-8.1	7.9-8.1	7.9-8.1	7.9-8.1	7.9-8.1	7.9-8.0
Ammonia-N (start/end, mg L-1)	0.59/0.24	0.44/0.13	0.92/0.13	2.89/0.21	3.68/2.16	10.7/6.95	16.1/11.6	64.0/21.2
Total sulphide (start/end, mg L-1)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.55/< 0.1
Total residual chlorine (start/end, mg L-1)	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Total suspended solids (mg L-1)	10/<2	12/< 2	35/<2	42/6	67/8	68/12	69/17	75/35

#### 5.6. $IC_{50}$ for the diatom *Skeletonema costatum* and test acceptability

Table 4. IC<sub>50</sub>, none observed effect concentration (NOEC) for the diatom and test acceptability

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Parameter	Value	Control limit
Calculated IC <sub>50</sub>	Cannot be calculated <sup>a</sup>	NA
None observed effect concentration (NOEC)	10%	-
Reference toxicant 7-day test:	$0.14~\mathrm{mg~L^{ ext{-}1}}$	$0.13\pm0.02~{ m mg}~{ m L}^{-1}$
95% of confidence range of reference toxicant test	0.09-0.21 mg L <sup>-1</sup>	NA
Temperature variation	<0.5 °C	Average daily temperature variation: $\pm1^{\circ}\text{C}$

a: The growth inhibitions in all concentration groups were less than 50% and thus IC<sub>50</sub> cannot be calculated.

NA: Not applicable



6. Report on Shrimp Acute Toxicity Test



#### **Test report**

#### 6.1. Samples storage and pretreatment

Effluent sample was thoroughly mixed and passed through 2-mm mesh to remove the large debris. Effluent was added with ocean salt in order to raise the salinity to 25‰ and then aerated moderately such that the dissolved oxygen (DO) reached saturation prior to use. Salinity control was set up to monitor if there was adverse effect on the test organisms.

6.2. Test organism

Species Shrimp (Metapenaeus ensis)

Source: Purchased from contracted fish dealer

Size/age: 5-7 cm

Acclimatization: Acclimatized in fully aerated seawater (temperature:

22±1°C, salinity: 25‰) at least 48 hours in the laboratory

prior to test. Fed with commercial shrimp feeds.

6.3. <u>Summary of test conditions</u>

Type of test: Static

Duration:

48 h, 21/4/2023-23/4/2023

Dilution seawater source: Seawater collected from a pristine site in Clear Water

Bay, Sai Kung, Hong Kong

Dilution seawater pretreatment: Filtered through 0.22 μm membrane

Testing temperature: 22±1 °C Continuous

Salinity: 25‰

Testing chamber: Pre-cleaned 20 L tank

Feeding: None

Number of organisms per

replicate:

10

Replicate number: 4
Volume of test medium: 10 L

Aeration: Moderate, with air stone

Reference toxicant: CdCl<sub>2</sub>

Positive control: 48 h acute toxicity test

Salinity control: Prepared with ocean salt adding into de-ionized water,

salinity: 25‰



#### 6.4. Test results

Table 1. Survival of shrimps after 48 hours.

Treatment	Effluent		Number of li	ving shrimps	after 48 hour (	(individuals)	
Heatment	concentration (%)	Replicate 1	Replicate 2	Replicate 3	Replicate 4	Mean	SD
Negative control	0	10	9	9	8	9.00	0.82
Salinity control	0	9	8	9	7	8.25	0.96
Concentration 1	6.5	7	8	8	8	7.75	0.50
Concentration 2	12.5	9	8	10	10	9.25	0.96
Concentration 3	25	7	6	10	8	7.75	1.71
Concentration 4	50	9	10	8	9	9.00	0.82
Concentration 5	100	9	10	7	8	8.50	1.29

Table 2. Survival percentage of shrimps after 48 hours.

	0 1						
Treatment	Effluent		Percentag	ge of living sh	rimps after 48	hour (%)	
Heatment	concentration (%)	Replicate 1	Replicate 2	Replicate 3	Replicate 4	Mean	SD
Negative control	0	100	90	90	80	90.00	8.20
Salinity control	0	90	80	90	70	82.50	9.60
Concentration 1	6.5	70	80	80	80	77.50	5.00
Concentration 2	12.5	90	80	100	100	92.50	9.60
Concentration 3	25	70	60	100	80	77.50	17.10
Concentration 4	50	90	100	80	90	90.00	8.20
Concentration 5	100	90	100	70	80	85.00	12.90



#### 6.5. Summary of water quality parameters monitoring during test.

Table 3. Summary of water quality parameters during shrimp acute toxicity test.

_		Effl	uent conce	ntration (%)	)		
Water quality parameters	Negative control	Salinity control	6.5	12.5	25	50	100
Salinity (%)	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
Dissolved oxygen (mg L-1)	6.8-6.9	6.9-7.0	6.9-7.0	6.9-7.0	6.9-7.1	6.8-7.0	6.8-7.0
Temperature (°C)	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
pH	7.9-8.0	7.9-8.0	7.9-8.0	7.9-7.9	7.9-8.0	7.7-7.9	7.7-8.0
Ammonia-N (start/end, mg L-1)	0.19/0.14	2.63/0.23	3.40/3.11	4.71/3.58	7.04/3.94	11.8/10.5	23.0/22.5
Total sulphide (start/end, mg L-1)	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.11/< 0.1	0.30/< 0.1
Total residual chlorine (start/end, mg L-1)	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02	< 0.02
Total suspended solids (start/end, mg L-1)	< 2	4/< 2	9/2	11/5	12/6	24/10	49/11

#### 6.6. LC<sub>50</sub> for the shrimp Metapenaeus ensis and test acceptability

Table 4. LC<sub>50</sub> for the *Metapenaeus ensis* and test acceptability.

Parameter	Value	Control limit
Calculated LC <sub>50</sub>	Cannot be calculated <sup>a</sup>	NA
Negative control survival	90%	>90%
Reference toxicant 48-h acute test	$5.7~\mathrm{mg~L^{-1}}$	5.19±0.51 mg L <sup>-1</sup>
95% of confidence range of reference toxicant test	$4.8$ - $6.9 \ mg \ L^{-1}$	NA
Daily temperature variation	<0.5 °C	Average daily temperature variation: ±1 °C
Dissolved oxygen concentration	>6.7 mg L <sup>-1</sup>	>4 mg L-1

a: The mortalities in all concentration groups were less than 50% and thus LC<sub>50</sub> cannot be calculated.

NA: Not applicable



## 7. Conclusion



Table 1. Comparison of measured toxicity values with the target toxicity levels.

Test species	Measured LC <sub>50</sub> /IC <sub>50</sub> /NOEC	Target toxicity level
Amphipod Melita longidactyla	23.2%	≥7.1%
Fish Lutjanus malabaricus	Cannot be calculated because animals displayed very high survival rate (>50%) at the highest tested effluent concentration (100%)	≥7.1%
Barnacle larvae Balanus amphitrite	36.8%	≥7.1%
Diatom Skeletonema costatum	Cannot be calculated because diatoms displayed very high growth rate (>50%) at the highest tested effluent concentration (100%)	-
Diatom Skeletonema costatum	10% (NOEC)	≥0.51%
Shrimp Metapenaeus ensis	Cannot be calculated because animals displayed very high survival rate (>50%) at the highest tested effluent concentration (100%)	≥7.1%

**Conclusion**: all the measured values met the target toxicity levels as indicated in the EM&A Manual.

Cannot be calculated: The mortalities in all concentration groups (even at the highest effluent concentration) were less than 50% and thus  $LC_{50}$  cannot be calculated.



# Appendix A

Monitoring Data for Amphipod Acute Toxicity Test



Table 1. Dissolved oxygen concentration and pH in each concentration treatment in amphipod acute toxicity test.

Concentration treatment (%)		Dissolve	d oxygen	(mg L-1)				рН		
treatment (70)	0 h	12 h	24 h	36 h	48 h	0 h	12 h	24 h	36 h	48h
Negative control	6.9	7.2	7.2	6.9	6.8	7.9	7.9	8.1	8.1	8.0
Salinity control	6.8	6.9	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.9	8.0	8.1	8.1	8.1
6.5	6.9	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.1	8.0	7.9	8.1	8.1	8.1
12.5	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.1	7.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.9	8.1
25	6.8	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	8.0	7.9	7.9	7.9	8.0
50	6.9	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.8	7.9	8.0	8.1	8.0
100	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.9	7.8	7.8	7.9	7.9	7.8

Table 2. Salinity and temperature in each concentration treatment in amphipod acute toxicity test.

Concentration treatment (%)		S	alinity (%	o)			Tem	perature	(°C)	
	0 h	12 h	24 h	36 h	48 h	0 h	12 h	24 h	36 h	48 h
Negative control	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
Salinity control	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
6.5	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
12.5	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
25	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
50	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
100	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0



Table 3. Ammonia-N, Total sulphide, Total suspended solids, Total residual chlorine concentration at the beginning and ending of the amphipod acute toxicity test.

		J						
Concentration treatment	Ammo (mg	onia-N L-1)		ılphide L <sup>-1</sup> )	Total sus sol (mg	-	chlo	esidual orine (L-1)
(%)	Initial	End	Initial	End	Initial	End	Initial	End
Negative control	1.65	0.21	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 2	< 2	< 0.02	< 0.02
Salinity control	1.88	0.35	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 2	< 2	< 0.02	< 0.02
6.5	4.40	2.85	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 2	< 2	< 0.02	< 0.02
12.5	7.68	4.16	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 2	< 2	< 0.02	< 0.02
25	12.3	6.40	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 2	< 2	< 0.02	< 0.02
50	15.6	11.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 2	< 2	< 0.02	< 0.02
100	26.1	23.6	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 2	< 2	< 0.02	< 0.02



# Appendix B

Monitoring Data for Fish Acute Toxicity Test



Table 1. Dissolved oxygen concentration and pH in each concentration treatment in fish acute toxicity test.

Concentration treatment (%)		Dissolve	ed oxygen	(mg L-1)				рН		
treatment (70)	0 h	12 h	24 h	36 h	48 h	0 h	12 h	24 h	36 h	48 h
Negative control	6.8	6.9	7.0	6.9	7.0	7.9	7.9	7.9	8.0	7.9
Salinity control	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.0	7.1	8.0	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.8
6.5	6.9	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.8	8.0
12.5	6.8	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.1	8.1	8.0	7.9	7.9	7.7
25	7.0	6.9	7.0	6.8	6.9	8.0	8.1	7.9	7.8	7.9
50	6.9	6.9	7.1	6.8	6.8	7.9	8.0	8.0	7.9	7.8
100	7.0	6.8	6.7	6.8	6.8	7.9	8.0	7.9	7.9	7.9

Table 2. Salinity and temperature in each concentration treatment in fish acute toxicity test.

Concentration		Sa	alinity (%	o)			Tem	perature	(°C)	
treatment (%)	0 h	12 h	24 h	36 h	48 h	0 h	12 h	24 h	36 h	48 h
Negative control	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
Salinity control	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
6.5	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
12.5	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
25	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
50	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
100	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0



Table 3. Ammonia-N, Total sulphide, Total suspended solids, Total residual chlorine concentration at the beginning and ending of the fish acute toxicity test.

Concentration treatment	Ammo (mg		Total sı (mg	-	Total sus sol: (mg	ids	chlo	esidual orine ; L-1)
(%)	Initial	End	Initial	End	Initial	End	Initial	End
Negative control	0.48	0.14	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 2	< 2	< 0.02	< 0.02
Salinity control	0.11	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	2	< 2	< 0.02	< 0.02
6.5	2.53	2.31	< 0.1	< 0.1	8	3	< 0.02	< 0.02
12.5	3.53	3.52	< 0.1	< 0.1	9	5	< 0.02	< 0.02
25	6.69	6.49	< 0.1	< 0.1	14	6	< 0.02	< 0.02
50	11.8	11.3	< 0.1	< 0.1	18	7	< 0.02	< 0.02
100	23.6	22.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	33	12	< 0.02	< 0.02



# Appendix C

Monitoring Data for Barnacle Larvae Acute Toxicity Test



Table 1. Dissolved oxygen concentration and pH in each concentration treatment in barnacle larvae acute toxicity test.

Concentration treatment (%)		Dissolve	d oxygen	(mg L-1)				рН		
treatment (70)	0 h	12 h	24 h	36 h	48 h	0 h	12 h	24 h	36 h	48 h
Negative control	6.8	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.8	7.9	8.0	8.0	7.9	7.8
Salinity control	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.0	6.8	7.9	8.0	8.0	7.8	7.8
6.5	6.9	7.0	6.8	6.9	6.8	8.0	7.9	7.9	7.9	8.0
12.5	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.8	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	8.0
25	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.9	7.0	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8
50	6.8	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.1	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.8	7.7
100	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.9	6.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.7

Table 2. Salinity and temperature in each concentration treatment in barnacle larvae acute toxicity test.

Concentration treatment (%)		Sa	alinity (%	o)			Tem	perature	(°C)	
treatment (70)	0 h	12 h	24 h	36 h	48 h	0 h	12 h	24 h	36 h	48 h
Negative control	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
Salinity control	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
6.5	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
12.5	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
25	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
50	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
100	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0



Table 3. Ammonia-N, Total sulphide, Total suspended solids, Total residual chlorine concentration at the beginning and ending of the barnacle larvae acute toxicity test.

		J						
Concentration	Ammo	nia-N	Total sı	ulphide	Total suspe	nded solids	Total resid	ual chlorine
treatment	(mg	L-1)	(mg	; L-1)	(mg	L-1)	(mg	(L-1)
(%)	Initial	End	Initial	End	Initial	End	Initial	End
Negative control	0.46	0.13	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 2	< 2	< 0.02	< 0.02
Salinity control	0.42	0.11	< 0.1	< 0.1	2	< 2	< 0.02	< 0.02
6.5	2.21	1.96	< 0.1	< 0.1	8	3	< 0.02	< 0.02
12.5	3.93	3.18	< 0.1	< 0.1	9	5	< 0.02	< 0.02
25	8.47	3.87	< 0.1	< 0.1	14	6	< 0.02	< 0.02
50	15.1	10.5	< 0.1	< 0.1	18	7	< 0.02	< 0.02
100	29.6	24.0	0.24	< 0.1	33	12	< 0.02	< 0.02



# Appendix D

Monitoring Data for Diatom Growth Inhibition Test (Chronic toxicity test)



Table 1. Dissolved oxygen concentration and pH in each concentration treatment in diatom growth inhibition test.

Concentration			Disso	lved ox	ygen (n	ng L-1)				-		]	рН			
treatment (%)	0 h	24 h	48 h	72 h	96 h	120 h	144 h	168 h	0 h	24 h	48 h	72 h	96 h	120 h	144 h	168 h
Negative control	6.8	6.9	7.1	7.2	7.5	7.7	8.0	8.2	8.0	7.9	8.0	8.0	7.9	8.1	8.1	8.1
Salinity control	6.9	6.9 6.8 7.0 7.2 7.4 7.8 7.9								7.9	8.1	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.0	8.1
2.5	6.9	6.9	7.2	7.2	7.6	7.8	8.1	8.2	8.2 8.0 7.9 7.9 8.0 8.1 8.1 8.1							8.0
5	6.8	6.8	7.1	7.1	7.6	7.9	8.0	8.2	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.0	7.9	7.9	8.0	8.1
10	6.8	6.9	7.1	7.3	7.4	7.6	7.9	8.3	7.9	7.9	8.0	8.1	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.1
25	6.9	6.8	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.6	7.8	8.2	7.9	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.0	7.9	8.0
50	6.8	6.8 6.9 7.0 7.2 7.4 7.4 7.6								7.9	7.9	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.0
100	6.9	6.8	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.9	7.8	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	8.0	8.0

Table 2. Salinity and temperature in each concentration treatment in diatom growth inhibition test.

Concentration				Salini	ty (‰)							Tempeı	rature (°	°C)		
treatment (%)	0 h	24h	48h	72h	96h	120h	144h	168h	0h	24h	48h	72h	96h	120h	144h	168h
Negative control	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
Salinity control	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
2.5	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
5	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
10	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
25	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
50	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
100	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0



Table 3. Ammonia-N, Total sulphide, Total suspended solids, Total residual chlorine concentration at the beginning and ending of the diatom growth inhibition toxicity test.

Concentration treatment	Ammo (mg		Total sı (mg	ılphide L-1)	Total sus soli (mg	ds	Total residu (mg	
(%) -	Initial	End	Initial	End	Initial	End	Initial	End
Negative control	0.59	0.24	< 0.1	< 0.1	10	< 2	< 0.02	< 0.02
Salinity control	0.44	0.13	< 0.1	< 0.1	12	< 2	< 0.02	< 0.02
2.5	0.92	0.13	< 0.1	< 0.1	35	< 2	< 0.02	< 0.02
5	2.89	0.21	< 0.1	< 0.1	42	3	< 0.02	< 0.02
10	3.68	2.16	< 0.1	< 0.1	67	8	< 0.02	< 0.02
25	10.7	6.95	< 0.1	< 0.1	68	12	< 0.02	< 0.02
50	16.1	11.6	< 0.1	< 0.1	69	17	< 0.02	< 0.02
100	64.0	21.2	0.55	< 0.1	<i>7</i> 5	35	< 0.02	< 0.02



# Appendix E

Monitoring Data for Shrimp Acute Toxicity Test



Table 1. Dissolved oxygen concentration and pH in each concentration treatment in shrimp acute toxicity test.

	0		· · · I					1		
Concentration treatment (%)		Dissolve	d oxygen	(mg L-1)				рН		
treatment (70)	0 h	12 h	24 h	36 h	48 h	0 h	12 h	24 h	36 h	48 h
Negative control	6.8	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.8	7.9	7.9	8.0	8.0	8.0
Salinity control	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.0	8.0	7.9	8.0	7.9	8.0
6.5	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.0	7.9	7.9	8.0	8.0	7.9
12.5	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.0	6.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9
25	6.9	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.0	8.0	8.0	7.9	8.0	7.9
50	6.9	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.8	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.7	7.7
100	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.8	6.8	7.9	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.7

Table 2. Salinity and temperature in each concentration treatment in shrimp acute toxicity test.

Concentration treatment (%)	Salinity (‰)					Temperature (°C)				
	0 h	12 h	24 h	36 h	48 h	0 h	12 h	24 h	36 h	48 h
Negative control	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
Salinity control	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
6.5	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
12.5	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
25	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
50	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
100	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0



Table 3. Ammonia-N, Total sulphide, Total suspended solids, total residual chlorine concentration at the beginning and ending of the shrimp acute toxicity test.

Concentration treatment (%)	Ammonia-N (mg L <sup>-1</sup> )		Total sı (mg	1	Total suspended solids (mg L <sup>-1</sup> )		Total residual chlorine (mg L-1)	
	Initial	End	Initial	End	Initial	End	Initial	End
Negative control	0.19	0.14	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 2	< 2	< 0.02	< 0.02
Salinity control	2.63	0.23	< 0.1	< 0.1	4	< 2	< 0.02	< 0.02
6.5	3.40	3.11	< 0.1	< 0.1	9	2	< 0.02	< 0.02
12.5	4.71	3.58	< 0.1	< 0.1	11	5	< 0.02	< 0.02
25	7.04	3.94	< 0.1	< 0.1	12	6	< 0.02	< 0.02
50	11.8	10.5	< 0.1	< 0.1	24	10	< 0.02	< 0.02
100	23.0	22.5	< 0.1	< 0.1	49	11	< 0.02	< 0.02